Grammar Warm-Up

Circle the nouns, underline the verbs.

1. Antarctica is a mysterious continent.

2. Some call it a penguin’s playground.

3. Others call it the end of the Earth.

4. Visit the South Pole and you’ll find interesting things.

5. You can walk around the world in just a few footsteps.

Add capitalization and punctuation.

1. you can step on every time one and longitude in less than a minute

2. check for yourself by looking at antarctica on a globe

3. in antarctica the seasons are opposite of what they are in the united states

4. summer lasts from october to march

5. winter lasts from april to september

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Circle the nouns, underline the verbs.

1. In the summer in Antarctica, daylight lasts 24 hours a day.

2. During the winter, it remains dark all day.

3. In the dark, winter months, there is often an aurora display.

4. The aurora display has green, orange, and red gas clouds.

5. These clouds flash across the sky.

Find the adjectives and circle.

1. The weather in Antarctica is very dry, cold, and windy.

2. Antarctica has the harshest climate of all the continents.

3. It only receives about three inches of snow fall each year.

4. It has been called “the frozen frontier.”

5. Ferocious winds blow up to 200 miles per hour.

Grammar Warm-Up

Circle the nouns, underline the verbs.

1. Even with the harsh conditions some plant and animals can survive in

Antarctica.

2. It is home to some very small life forms.

3. They include algae that live along the coastlines.

4. These organisms live inside sea ice.

5. They can survive in salty brine channels during the dark winter.

Add capitalization and punctuation.

1. in antarcticas frigid climate the temperature is usually freezing

2. only some of the land is free from ice

3. antarcticas glaciers hold about three fourths of the earths fresh water

4. icebergs break off from ice shelves

5. some are larger than the big island of hawaii

Grammar Warm-Up

Circle the nouns, underline the verbs.

1. In springtime, when sea ice melts, the algae flow into the ocean.

2. They need sunlight and carbon dioxide to grow.

3. Phytoplankton thrive at the low end of the food chain, below krill.

4. Krill look like small red shrimp.

5. They’re a favorite food of Earth’s largest mammal, the blue whale.

Find adjectives and circle.

1. Blue whales migrate to the southern oceans to eat this rich food

2. Each summer, about 4,000 scientists from many nations visit Antarctica.

3. Some live on big ships called icebreakers.

4. Other scientists stay at land-based research stations.

5. The hard-working scientists make sure human visitors don’t pollute this

fragile place.